



## **COMPANIES ACTS 1985 & 1989**

### **COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

#### **MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ULTRASOUND IN OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY**

##### **1. NAME**

The name of the Company is The International Society of Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology ('the Charity')

##### **2. REGISTERED OFFICE**

The registered office of the Charity is to be in England and Wales

##### **3. OBJECTS**

The object of the Charity is the protection and preservation of health by promoting the science of ultrasound in obstetrics and gynaecology and education therein for the benefit of the public ('the Objects')

##### **4. POWERS**

The Charity has the following powers, which may be exercised only in promoting the Objects:

- 4.1 To promote or carry out research
- 4.2 To propose guidelines and provide advice
- 4.3 To publish or distribute information
- 4.4 To organise conferences and seminars
- 4.5 To co-operate with other bodies
- 4.6 To support, administer or set up other charities
- 4.7 To trade for the purpose of carrying out the objects
- 4.8 To raise funds (but not by means of taxable trading)
- 4.9 To borrow money and give security for loans (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act 1993)
- 4.10 To acquire, hire or maintain property of any kind

- 4.11 To let or dispose of property of any kind (but only in accordance with the restrictions imposed by the Charities Act 1993)
- 4.12 To make grants or loans of money and to give guarantees
- 4.13 To set aside funds for special purposes or as reserves against future expenditure
- 4.14 To deposit or invest funds in any manner (but to invest only after obtaining advice from a financial expert and having regard to the suitability of investments and the need for diversification)
- 4.15 To delegate the management of investments to a financial expert, but only on terms that:
  - 4.15.1 the investment policy is set down in writing for the financial expert by the Trustees
  - 4.15.2 every transaction is reported promptly to the Trustees
  - 4.15.3 the performance of the investments is reviewed regularly with the Trustees
  - 4.15.4 the Trustees are entitled to cancel the delegation arrangement at any time
  - 4.15.5 the investment policy and the delegation arrangement are reviewed at least once a year
  - 4.15.6 all payments due to the financial expert are on a scale or at a level which is agreed in advance and are notified promptly to the Trustees on receipt
  - 4.15.7 the financial expert must not do anything outside the powers of the Trustees
- 4.16 To arrange for investments or other property of the Charity to be held in the name of a nominee (being a corporate body registered or having an established place of business in England and Wales) under the control of the Trustees or of a financial expert acting under their instructions and to pay any reasonable fee required
- 4.17 To insure the property of the Charity against any foreseeable risk and take out other insurance policies to protect the Charity when required
- 4.18 To insure the Trustees against the costs of a successful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against them as charity trustees or against personal liability incurred in respect of any act or omission which is or is alleged to be a breach of trust or breach of duty, unless the Trustee concerned knew that, or was reckless whether, the act or omission was a breach of trust or breach of duty
- 4.19 Subject to clause 5, to employ paid or unpaid agents, staff or advisers
- 4.20 To enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of other bodies
- 4.21 To establish subsidiary companies to assist or act as agents for the Charity
- 4.22 To pay the costs of forming the Charity
- 4.23 To operate the Charity in any part of the world
- 4.24 To register the Charity in any part of the world
- 4.25 To do anything else within the law which promotes or helps to promote the Objects

## **5. BENEFITS TO MEMBERS AND TRUSTEES**

- 5.1 The property and funds of the Charity must be used only for promoting the Objects and do not belong to the members of the Charity but
- 5.1.1 members who are not Trustees may be employed by or enter into contracts with the Charity and receive reasonable payment for goods or services supplied
  - 5.1.2 members (including Trustees) may be paid interest at a reasonable rate on money lent to the Charity
  - 5.1.3 members (including Trustees) may be paid a reasonable rent or hiring fee for property let or hired to the Charity
  - 5.1.4 individual members who are not Trustees but who are beneficiaries may receive charitable benefits in that capacity
- 5.2 A Trustee must not receive any payment of money or other material benefit (whether directly or indirectly) from the Charity except
- 5.2.1 as mentioned in clauses 4.18, 5.1.2, 5.1.3 or 5.3.
  - 5.2.2 reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses (including hotel and travel costs) actually incurred in running the Charity
  - 5.2.3 an indemnity in respect of any liabilities properly incurred in running the Charity (including the costs of a successful defence to criminal proceedings)
  - 5.2.4 payment to any company in which a Trustee has no more than a one per cent shareholding
  - 5.2.5 in exceptional cases, other payments or benefits (but only with the written approval of the Commission in advance)
- 5.3 Subject to approval by the Charities commission, any Trustee (or any firm or company of which a Trustee is a member or employee) may enter into a contract with the Charity to supply goods or services in return for a payment or other material benefit but only if:
- 5.3.1 the goods or services are actually required by the Charity
  - 5.3.2 the nature and level of the remuneration is no more than is reasonable in relation to the value of the goods or services and is set in accordance with the procedure in clause 5.4
- 5.4 Whenever a Trustee has a personal interest in a matter to be discussed at a meeting of the Trustees or a committee the Trustee concerned must:
- 5.4.1 declare an interest at or before discussion begins on the matter
  - 5.4.2 withdraw from the meeting for that item unless expressly invited to remain in order to provide information

5.4.3 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting

5.4.4 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter

5.5 This clause may not be amended without the prior written consent of the Commission

## **6. LIMITED LIABILITY**

The liability of members is limited

## **7. GUARANTEE**

Every member promises, if the Charity is dissolved while he, she or it remains a member or within 12 months afterwards, to pay up to £1 towards the costs of dissolution and the liabilities incurred by the Charity while the contributor was a member

## **8. DISSOLUTION**

8.1 If the Charity is dissolved the assets (if any) remaining after provision has been made for all its liabilities must be applied in one or more of the following ways:

8.1.1 by transfer to one or more other bodies established for exclusively charitable purposes within, the same as or similar to the Objects

8.1.2 directly for the Objects or charitable purposes within or similar to the Objects

8.1.3 in such other manner consistent with charitable status as the Commission approve in writing in advance

8.2 A final report and statement of account must be sent to the Commission

## **9. INTERPRETATION**

9.1 Words and expressions defined in the Articles have the same meanings in this Memorandum.

9.2 References to an Act of Parliament are references to the Act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it

**COMPANIES ACTS 1985 AND 1989**

**COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND  
NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL**

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF  
THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ULTRASOUND IN OBSTETRICS AND  
GYNECOLOGY**

**1. MEMBERSHIP**

- 1.1 The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is unlimited
- 1.2 The Charity must maintain a register of members
- 1.3 Membership of the Charity is open to any individual interested in promoting the Objects who
- 1.3.1 applies to the Charity in the form required by the Trustees
- 1.3.2 is approved by the Trustees
- and
- 1.3.3 signs the Register of members or otherwise consents to becoming a member
- 1.4 The Trustees may establish different classes of membership and prescribe their respective privileges and duties and set the amounts of any subscriptions
- 1.5 Membership is terminated if the member concerned
- 1.5.1 gives written notice of resignation to the Charity
- 1.5.2 dies
- 1.5.3 is six months in arrears in paying the relevant subscription (but in such a case the member may be reinstated on payment of the amount due)
- or
- 1.5.4 is removed from membership by resolution of the Trustees on the ground that in their reasonable opinion the member's continued membership is harmful to the Charity (but only after notifying the member in writing and considering the matter in the light of any written representations which the member concerned puts forward within 14 clear days after receiving notice)
- 1.6 Membership of the Charity is not transferable

**2. AFFILIATION**

The Trustees may establish different classes of affiliation and prescribe their respective privileges and duties and set the amounts of any subscriptions

### **3. GENERAL MEETINGS**

- 3.1 Members are entitled to attend general meetings personally. General meetings are called on at least clear 21 days written notice specifying the business to be discussed
- 3.2 There is a quorum at a general meeting if the number of members personally present is at least 50 (or 3% of the members if less)
- 3.3 The President or (if the President is unable or unwilling to do so) some other member elected by those present presides at a general meeting
- 3.4 Except where otherwise provided by the Act, every issue is decided by a majority of the votes cast
- 3.5 A member may vote either personally or by signed declaration in writing submitted to the Charity at least 10 days in advance of the published date of the General Meeting
- 3.6 Except for the chairman of the meeting, who has a second or casting vote, every member present in person, or having submitted a written vote, has one vote on each issue
- 3.7 The Charity must hold an AGM in every year which all members are entitled to attend.
- 3.8 At an AGM the members:
  - 3.8.1 receive the accounts of the Charity for the previous financial year
  - 3.8.2 receive the Trustees' report on the Charity's activities since the previous AGM
  - 3.8.3 accept the retirement of those Trustees who wish to retire or who are retiring by rotation
  - 3.8.4 elect persons to be Trustees to fill the vacancies arising
  - 3.8.5 appoint auditors for the Charity
  - 3.8.6 may confer on any individual (with his or her consent) the honorary title of Patron, President or Vice-President of the Charityand
  - 3.8.7 discuss and determine any issues of policy or deal with any other business put before them
- 3.9 Any general meeting which is not an AGM is an EGM
- 3.10 An EGM may be called at any time by the Trustees and must be called within 28 days on a written request from at least 50 members

### **4. WORLD CONGRESS**

Unless the trustees resolve to the contrary, the Charity shall in each year arrange for a World Congress

## **5. THE TRUSTEES**

- 5.1 The Trustees as charity trustees have control of the Charity and its property and funds
- 5.2 The Trustees when complete consist of at least six and not more than thirty individuals, all of whom must be members
- 5.3 The subscribers to the Memorandum are the first Trustees of the Charity.
- 5.4 Every Trustee must sign a declaration of willingness to act as a charity trustee of the Charity before he or she is eligible to vote at any meeting of the Trustees
- 5.5 One quarter (or the number nearest above one quarter) of the Trustees must retire at each AGM, those longest in office retiring first and the choice between any of equal service being made either by mutual agreement or by drawing lots
- 5.6 No trustee shall serve for more than two consecutive terms, unless elected as an honorary officer of the Society, which shall constitute the start of a new term.
- 5.7 A Trustee's term of office automatically terminates if he or she:
  - 5.7.1 is disqualified under the Charities Act 1993 from acting as a charity trustee
  - 5.7.2 is incapable, whether mentally or physically, of managing his or her own affairs
  - 5.7.3 is absent from meetings of the Trustees **for** more than 24 consecutive months
  - 5.7.4 ceases to be a member
  - 5.7.5 resigns by written notice to the Trustees (but only if at least two Trustees will remain in office)
  - 5.7.6 is removed by resolution passed by at least two thirds of the members present and voting at a general meeting after the meeting has invited the views of the Trustee concerned and considered the matter in the light of any such views
- 5.8 The Trustees may at any time co-opt any person duly qualified to be appointed as a Trustee to fill a vacancy in their number or as an additional Trustee, but a co-opted Trustee holds office only until the next AGM
- 5.9 A technical defect in the appointment of a Trustee of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting

## **6. PROCEEDINGS OF TRUSTEES**

- 6.1 The Trustees must hold at least two meetings each year
- 6.2 A quorum at a meeting of the Trustees is at least one fifth of the present number of Trustees
- 6.3 A meeting of the Trustees may be held either in person or by suitable electronic means agreed by the Trustees in which all participants may communicate with all the other participants
- 6.4 The President or (if the President is unable or unwilling to do so) some other Trustee chosen by the Trustees present presides at each meeting
- 6.5 Every issue may be determined by a simple majority of the votes cast at a meeting but a written resolution signed by all the Trustees is as valid as a resolution passed at a meeting (and for this purpose the resolution may be contained in more than one document and will be treated as passed on the date of the last signature)
- 6.6 Except for the chairman of the meeting, who has a second or casting vote, every Trustee has one vote on each issue
- 6.7 A procedural defect of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting

## **7. POWERS OF TRUSTEES**

The Trustees have the following powers in the administration of the Charity:

- 7.1 to appoint (and remove) any member (who may be a Trustee) to act as Secretary to the Charity in accordance with the Act
- 7.2 to appoint a President, Treasurer and other honorary officers from among their number
- 7.3 to delegate any of their functions to committees consisting of two or more individuals appointed by them. All proceedings of committees must be reported promptly to the Trustees
- 7.4 To delegate responsibility for the general management and publishing of the official journal to a sub committee, known as the Editorial board. The Editor in Chief of the journal shall report at every meeting of the Trustees
- 7.5 to make Rules and Regulations consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Act) to govern proceedings at general meetings
- 7.6 to make Rules and Regulations consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Act to govern proceedings at their meetings and at meetings of committees
- 7.7 to make Rules and Regulations consistent with the Memorandum, these Articles and the Act to govern the administration of the Charity and the use of its seal (if any)
- 7.8 to establish procedures to assist the resolution of disputes within the Charity
- 7.9 to exercise any powers of the Charity which are not reserved to a general meeting



- 7.10 to delegate any of their powers to their agent
- 7.11 If at any time the number of trustees falls below one fifth of the total number in place at the previous AGM, the remaining Trustees may act only to fill these vacancies, or to call an AGM
- 7.12 no alteration to this memorandum and articles will invalidate any prior act of the trustees

## **8. RECORDS & ACCOUNTS**

- 8.1 The Trustees must comply with the requirements of the Act and of the Charities Act 1993 as to keeping financial records, the audit of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Commission of:
  - 8.1.1 annual reports
  - 8.1.2 annual returns
  - 8.1.3 annual statements of account
- 8.2 The Trustees must keep proper records of
  - 8.2.1 all proceedings at general meetings
  - 8.2.2 all proceedings at meetings of the Trustees
  - 8.2.3 all reports of committees and
  - 8.2.4 all professional advice obtained
- 8.3 Accounting records relating to the Charity must be made available for inspection by any Trustee at any reasonable time during normal office hours and may be made available for inspection by members who are not Trustees if the Trustees so decide
- 8.4 A copy of the Charity's latest available statement of account must be supplied on request to any Trustee or member, or to any other person who makes a written request and pays the Charity's reasonable costs, within two months

## **9. NOTICES**

- 9.1 Notices under these Articles may be sent by hand, or by post or by suitable electronic means or (where applicable to members generally) may be published in the official journal or any newsletter distributed by the Charity
- 9.2 The only address at which a member is entitled to receive notices is the address shown in the register of members
- 9.3 Any notice given in accordance with these Articles is to be treated for all purposes as having been received:
  - 9.3.1 4 hours after being sent by electronic means or delivered by hand to the relevant address

- 9.3.2 two clear days after being sent by first class post to that address
  - 9.3.3 three clear days after being sent by second class post to that address
  - 9.3.4 five clear days after being sent by overseas post to that address
  - 9.3.5 10 days after the date of issue of the official journal containing the notice
  - 9.3.6 as soon as the member acknowledges actual receipt
- 9.4 A technical defect in the giving of notice of which the Trustees are unaware at the time does not invalidate decisions taken at a meeting

## 10. **AMENDMENT**

These articles may be amended only after approval at the AGM

## 11. **DISSOLUTION**

The provisions of the Memorandum relating to dissolution of the Charity take effect as though repeated here

## 12. **INTERPRETATION**

In the Memorandum in and in these Articles:

'beneficiaries' means anyone who can benefit from the objects of this charity

'The Act' means the Companies Act 1985 'AGM' means an annual general meeting of the Charity

'These Articles' means these articles of association

'President' means the chairman of the Trustees

'the Charity' means the company governed by these Articles

'clear day' means 24 hours from midnight following the relevant event

'the Commission' means the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales

'Editor in Chief' means the principal editor of the official journal but need not be a trustee.

'EGM' means an extraordinary general meeting of the Charity

'financial expert' means an individual, company or firm who is an authorised person or an exempted person within the meaning of the Financial Services Act 1986

'material benefit' means a benefit which may not be financial but has a monetary value

'member' and 'membership' refer to membership of the Charity

'Memorandum' means the Charity's Memorandum of Association

'month' means calendar month

'the Objects' means the Objects of the Charity as defined in clause 3 of the Memorandum

'Official Journal' means the journal entitled 'Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology' (or any title that may subsequently replace it) published by the Charity.

'Secretary' means the Secretary of the Charity

'taxable trading' means carrying on a trade or business on a continuing basis for the principal purpose of raising funds and not for the purpose of actually carrying out the Objects

'Trustee' means a director of the Charity and 'Trustees' means all of the directors.

'written' or 'in writing' refers to a legible document, including a fax or electronic message

'year' means calendar year

12.2 Expressions defined in the Act have the same meaning

12.3 References to an Act of Parliament are to the Act as amended or re-enacted from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it