

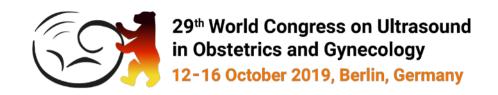
Scientific program

Monday 14 October 2019

07:30-08:10	MC: Prematurity prevention: from ultrasound to proteomics	
07:30	From ultrasound to proteomics	
	MC: Malformations of cortical development: is it possible to reach an etiologic diagnosis?	
07:30	Malformations of cortical development	
	MC: How to evaluate a patient presenting with infertility with a single scan	
07:30	How to evaluate a patient presenting with infertility with a single scan	
	MC: Ultrasound and cfDNA: a happy marriage?	
07:30	Ultrasound and cfDNA: a happy marriage?	
08:15–09:35	OC: cfDNA in our daily practice: what should we expect?	
08:15	Invited talk [Title TBC]	
08:45	Performance of first trimester screening for Trisomy 21 in twin pregnancies	OC02.01
08:53	Performance of a genome-wide PCR-free, paired-end sequencing-based non-invasive prenatal screening test, VeriSeq NIPT Solution v2	OC02.02
09:01	Predictive value of cell-free DNA screening in a modern cohort: a single institution's experience	OC02.03
09:09	Residual risk for a postnatal diagnosis and livebirth of an atypical chromosomal aberration following first trimester combined screening	OC02.04

09:17	What is the chance for pathogenic chromosomal microarray analysis results in structurally normal fetuses?	OC02.05
09:25	Prenatal fetal gender discordance following cfDNA testing	OC02.06
08:15-09:35	OC: Cerebellum and posterior fossa	
08:15	Live scan: how I scan the brain [supported by Canon]	
08:35	Prenatal diagnosis of rhombencephalosynapsis: beyond the fusion of the cerebellar hemispheres	OC03.01
08:43	3D fetal MRI visualisation of cerebellar white matter tracts	OC03.02
08:51	Neurodevelopmental outcome of children with fetal isolated vermian abnormalities [shortlisted for Young Investigator award]	OC03.03
08:59	Prospective detection and differential diagnosis of cystic posterior fossa anomalies by assessing posterior brain at 11–14 weeks	OC03.04
09:07	Cerebellar hypoplasia: prenatal diagnosis and outcome	OC03.05
09:15	Diagnosis of spina bifida in a routine clinical setting at the first trimester scan: a prospective multicentre study	OC03.06
09:23	Prenatal diagnosis of malformations of cortical development associated to midbrain-hindbrain anomalies	OC03.07
08:15-09:35	OC: Classifying and managing ovarian masses	
08:15	Using the IOTA ADNEX model to classify all ovarian masses	
08:35	Imaging in gynecology: mature cystic teratoma of the ovary [shortlisted for Young Investigator award]	OC04.01

08:43	The role of IOTA ADNEX model compared to subjective assessment in the preoperative diagnosis of unilocular-solid adnexal masses	OC04.02
08:51	Prediction of adnexal torsion by ultrasound in women with acute abdominal pain	OC04.03
08:59	A machine-learning algorithm to distinguish benign and malignant adnexal tumours from ultrasound images	OC04.04
09:07	Conservative management of adnexal pathology classified as benign by ADNEX model before and after the menopause: a prospective multicentre study	OC04.05
09:15	Management of adnexal masses during pregnancy: a prospective study	OC04.06
09:23	Presurgical assessment of adnexal masses: performance of IOTA-LR2, ADNEX and RMI models and added value of tumour marker-based models ROMA and CPH-I	OC04.07
08:15-09:35	OC: Ultrasound in the labour ward	
08:15–09:35 08:15		
	OC: Ultrasound in the labour ward	OC05.01
08:15	OC: Ultrasound in the labour ward ISUOG guidelines: intrapartum ultrasound Rotational forceps delivery: a novel role of intrapartum	OC05.01 OC05.02
08:15 08:35	OC: Ultrasound in the labour ward ISUOG guidelines: intrapartum ultrasound Rotational forceps delivery: a novel role of intrapartum ultrasound for quality control and teaching Movement of the fetal head during active pushing	
08:15 08:35 08:43	OC: Ultrasound in the labour ward ISUOG guidelines: intrapartum ultrasound Rotational forceps delivery: a novel role of intrapartum ultrasound for quality control and teaching Movement of the fetal head during active pushing assessed with ultrasound Ultrasound in the second stage of labour before instrumental vaginal delivery: a randomised controlled	OC05.02



09:15	Point of Care Ultrasound for fluid assessment and management in a pre-eclamptic patient with postpartum hemorrhage	OC05.06
09:23	Prediction of mode of delivery using intrapartum ultrasound in the assessment of fetal head deflexion	OC05.07
08:15–09:15	HUB01: Basic Training Hubs series I	
	HUB02: In conversation with Ilan Timor-Tritsch: Caesarean scar pregnancy	
	HUB03: In conversation with Stuart Campbell: pearls of gynecological imaging	
09:40-10:20	OP: Novel imaging methods, artificial intelligence and more	
	OP: Classifying and managing ovarian masses	
	OP: Ultrasound in the labour ward	
	P01: cfDNA and new genetic technologies	
	P02: Diagnosis and prognosis of congenital heart defects	
	P03: Ultrasound and reproductive medicine	
	P04: Fetal disease I	
10:15	Coffee break	
10:45–12:05	OC: New genetic technologies: how can they help?	
10:45	Cases that stump me	
11:05	Single gene, gene panel and exome sequencing applied in structurally abnormal fetuses with a normal	OC06.01

chromosomal microarray analysis

11:13	A new molecular work-up for early pregnancy losses based on QF-PCR and SNP-array in chorionic villi is more accurate than karyotyping	OC06.02
11:21	Increased fetal nuchal translucency: genetic examination by the advanced technology	OC06.03
11:29	Population-based prevalence of 22q11 deletion syndrome and other chromosome abnormalities in a combined prenatal and postnatal cohort	OC06.04
11:37	Prenatal diagnosis and clinical analysis of CNV in fetal cleft lip	OC06.05
11:45	Cell-free DNA in the detection of chromosomal aneuploidies in early fetal demise and miscarriage	OC06.06
11:53	Maternal plasma genome-wide cell-free DNA testing can detect fetal aneuploidy in pregnancy loss and can be used to guide further work-up in recurrent losses	OC06.07
	OO The shallower of contributions and	
10:45–12:05	OC: The challenge of ventriculomegaly	
10:45–12:05 10:45	Fetal brain anomalies: how to counsel your patient	
		OC07.01
10:45	Fetal brain anomalies: how to counsel your patient Role of prenatal magnetic resonance imaging in fetuses with isolated ventriculomegaly: a multicentre study	OC07.01
10:45 11:05	Fetal brain anomalies: how to counsel your patient Role of prenatal magnetic resonance imaging in fetuses with isolated ventriculomegaly: a multicentre study [shortlisted for Young Investigator award] Differential diagnosis of irregular lateral ventricle walls: correlation between prenatal imaging and fetal	
10:45 11:05 11:13	Fetal brain anomalies: how to counsel your patient Role of prenatal magnetic resonance imaging in fetuses with isolated ventriculomegaly: a multicentre study [shortlisted for Young Investigator award] Differential diagnosis of irregular lateral ventricle walls: correlation between prenatal imaging and fetal neuropathological studies Prenatal work-up, associated anomalies and long-term postnatal outcomes of fetuses with 9–10mm cerebral	OC07.02

11:45	Prenatal diagnosis of dural sinus malformation using fetal magnetic resonance imaging	OC07.06
11:53	SS-FSE FAIR ASL parameters for non-invasive measurement of fetal brain perfusion <i>in vivo</i>	OC07.07
10:45–12:05	OC: Investigating women with abnormal bleeding	
10:45	Predicting the likely pathology in women with abnormal bleeding based on standardised ultrasound features: data from the IETA 1 study on over 3,000 women	
11:00	Caesarean section scars (the niche): ultrasound assessment and the current position on whether treatment is necessary	
11:15	Could comparative elastography help in the sonographic diagnosis of adenomyosis?	OC08.01
11:23	A prospective controlled study for Caesarean section niche development with hysteroscopic correlation in symptomatising patients	OC08.02
11:31	Prevalence of malignancy or premalignancy in postmenopausal women without vaginal bleeding in whom the endometrial thickness measured ≥11mm [shortlisted for Young Investigator award]	OC08.03
11:39	Oral administration of norethisterone acetate in women with adenomyosis: effects on ultrasound features and clinical symptoms	OC08.04
11:47	Incidental finding of endometrial polyps: results from a prospective multicentre study (IETA3) [shortlisted for Young Investigator award]	OC08.05
11:55	Ability to adequately visualise an endometrial echo on transvaginal ultrasound in asymptomatic postmenopausal women	OC08.06
10:45–12:05	OC: Prediction of pregnancy complications	
10:45	Prediction of pre-eclampsia in 2019	

11:05	Prediction of preterm delivery by cervical length at 11–14 weeks of gestation	OC09.01
11:13	The risk of subsequent preterm birth in women with a short cervix who delivered at term	OC09.02
11:21	Contribution of the amniocentesis for the ultrasound prediction of spontaneous preterm delivery in women with preterm labour	OC09.03
11:29	A rapid MMP-8 bedside test performs better than amniotic fluid white blood cell count in the antenatal identification of acute histologic chorioamnionitis	OC09.04
11:37	Low Papp-A at booking: is serial ultrasound surveillance warranted?	OC09.05
11:45	Value of universal third trimester ultrasonography as predictor of adverse perinatal outcome at term	OC09.06
11:53	Women with a second trimester placenta previa of 14mm or less are at low risk of a placenta previa in the third trimester: a prospective cohort	OC09.07
10:45–11:45	HUB04: Outreach virtual mentor workshop	
	HUB05: Infections	
	HUB06: In conversation with George Condous: how I evaluate my patients for endometriosis before surgery	
12:10–12:50	OP: Issues in prenatal genetic testing	
	OP: Fetal renal abnormalities	
	OP: Investigating causes of abnormal uterine bleeding	
	OP: Prediction of pregnancy complications	

P05: Fetal disease II

P06: Fetal growth: predicting outcomes

P07: Classifying ovarian masses using

ultrasonography

P08: New techniques for the evaluation of the fetal

heart

12:45 Lunch break

13:10-14:10 HUB07: Guidelines Chinese

HUB08: Guidelines French

HUB09: In conversation with Nick Raine-Fenning:

fertility

14:15	Imaging the future (overview of latest new developments in fetal imaging, simulation, AI)

14:35	Combination of ultrasound and magnetic resonance	OC10.01
	imaging for virtual reality systems to evaluate fetal	

malformations

14:38 Bioeffects safety indices of ultrasound: quantifying OC10.02

adherence to recommendations on routine obstetric

scan

14:46 Fetal exposure to magnetic resonance imaging: OC10.03

neurodevelopment outcome

14:54 Introducing ISUOG's Basic Training novel approach to OC10.04

the second trimester anomaly scan: the 20+2 planes

15:02 The "Valensise Radar" to understand the maternal OC10.05

hemodynamic status

15:10 Breaking bad news due to fetal abnormalities during OC10.06

prenatal ultrasound examination: can simulation training

be done?

15:18	To measure or not to measure? Current NCHD practice of abdominal circumference measurement in the Antenatal Clinic, Cork University Maternity Hospital, and the level of training required in achieving international best practice	OC10.07
15:26	A standardised examination protocol based on priority assessment levels to optimise first trimester ultrasound screening	OC10.08
14:15–15:35	OC: Fetal anomalies: head and spine	
14:15	Live scan: fetal anomalies head to toe [supported by Canon]	
14:35	Sensitivity of retronasal triangle view in first trimester detection of palatine clefts	OC11.01
14:43	Characterisation of the fetal external ear location and size by three-dimensional ultrasound	OC11.02
14:51	The relevance of fetal ductus venosus or ductus venosus-like structures-inferior vena cava shunt abnormalities and Down's syndrome	OC11.03
14:59	Vertebral patterns in conditions with variable outcome	OC11.04 & OC11.05
15:10	Role of early ultrasound scan: a two-year study of cases of increased nuchal translucency with normal karyotype	OC11.06
15:18	Randomised controlled study on the use of systematic simulator-based training (OPUS Fetal Heart Trainer) for learning the standard heart planes in fetal echocardiography	OC11.07
15:26	Syndromic craniofacial dysmorphic feature assessment <i>in utero</i> : potential for a novel imaging methodology with reconstructed 3D fetal MRI models	OC11.08
14:15–15:35	OC: Ultrasound to help manage the oncology patient	

14:15	How does imaging influence my management of women with probable ovarian carcinoma	
14:35	How to assess the extent of tumour for women with endometrial and cervical cancer	
14:49	Preoperative assessment of ovarian cancer	
15:03	Can ultrasound do distinguished diagnosis between complete and partial hydatidiform mole with coexistent fetus?	OC12.01
15:11	Management of borderline ovarian tumours: overall survival and long-term follow-up	OC12.02
15:19	Comparison of clinical and ultrasound characteristics in low- and high-grade serous cancer	OC12.03
15:27	A new advanced tool in gynecological surgery: the intraoperative ultrasound examination	OC12.04
14:15–15:35	OC: Fetal interventions in monochorionic twins	
14:15–15:35 14:15	OC: Fetal interventions in monochorionic twins Video presentation: fetoscopic surgery of monochorionic twins	
	Video presentation: fetoscopic surgery of	OC13.01
14:15	Video presentation: fetoscopic surgery of monochorionic twins Surgical versus expectant management in twin reversed	OC13.01 OC13.02
14:15 14:31	Video presentation: fetoscopic surgery of monochorionic twins Surgical versus expectant management in twin reversed arterial perfusion sequence Umbilical artery end-diastolic flow patterns are associated with right ventricular outflow abnormalities in	
14:15 14:31 14:39	Video presentation: fetoscopic surgery of monochorionic twins Surgical versus expectant management in twin reversed arterial perfusion sequence Umbilical artery end-diastolic flow patterns are associated with right ventricular outflow abnormalities in Twin–twin transfusion syndrome Perioperative hemodynamic changes in Twin–twin transfusion syndrome and long-term	OC13.02



15:11	Risk of intrauterine demise of donors with selective fetal growth restriction after laser surgery for Twin–twin transfusion syndrome	OC13.06
15:19	Ultrasound evaluation of fetomaternal circulation after modified laparoscopic cervicoisthmic cerclage	OC13.07
15:27	Mechanical properties and toxicity of different bioadhesives as sealing system for fetal membranes	OC13.08
14:15–15:15	HUB10: In conversation with Dirk Timmerman: the IOTA study and classifying ovarian masses Q&A	
15:35	Coffee break	
15:20–16:20	HUB11: Polish Society Hub	
	HUB12: SMFM Society Hub	
	HUB13: In conversation with Wellington Martins: uterine anomalies	
	HUB14: Argentina Society Hub	
16:00–17:30	HUB14: Argentina Society Hub WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis?	
16:00–17:30 16:00	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum	
	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis? The contribution of ultrasound to the diagnosis of	
16:00	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis? The contribution of ultrasound to the diagnosis of associated anomalies The contribution of MRI to the diagnosis of associated	
16:00 16:25	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis? The contribution of ultrasound to the diagnosis of associated anomalies The contribution of MRI to the diagnosis of associated anomalies	
16:00 16:25 16:50	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis? The contribution of ultrasound to the diagnosis of associated anomalies The contribution of MRI to the diagnosis of associated anomalies Is this corpus callosum normal?	
16:00 16:25 16:50 16:00–17:30	WS: How isolated is "isolated" corpus callosum agenesis? The contribution of ultrasound to the diagnosis of associated anomalies The contribution of MRI to the diagnosis of associated anomalies Is this corpus callosum normal? WS: Abnormalities of situs and the venous system Live scan: assessing situs and the venous system	

17:00	Fetal situs anomalies and heterotaxy
16:00–17:30	WS: Classifying ovarian tumours: knowing how to classify ovarian masses using IOTA terminology, rules and models
16:00	Terms and definitions used to describe ovarian masses: the key to getting it right
16:15	IOTA descriptors and simple rules: what are the ultrasound features and how to use the rules – can they be applied to all masses?
16:30	The IOTA ADNEX model: what variables are used and how to interpret the results
16:45	How worried should you be by solid projections into otherwise unilocular looking cysts?
17:00	Using the IOTA approach to classify ovarian masses in clinical practice: case examples
16:00–17:30	WS: Assessing early fetal growth restriction
16:00	Assessing fetal growth: the ISUOG fetal biometry guidelines
16:20	
	Pathophysiology of early onset fetal growth restriction
16:40	Pathophysiology of early onset fetal growth restriction Management of early growth restriction: the European view
16:40 16:55	Management of early growth restriction: the European
	Management of early growth restriction: the European view
16:55	Management of early growth restriction: the European view Management of early growth restriction: the USA view

16:40 Brain views that benefit from or are only possible with

3D

17:00 Live volume/video demonstration face and skull:

1. essentials in 2D and additional information from 3D;

2. bone rendering

16:25–17:25 HUB15: The role of ultrasound in the management

of intrapartum complications: practical training

HUB16: Ultrasound in labour in a low-resource

setting

HUB17: Why 'P' valves are not the be all and end all

17:30–18:00 HUB18: Monday HUB session hall 1 summary

HUB19: Monday HUB session hall 2 summary

HUB20: Monday HUB session hall 4 summary